





Advanced Finance GEST-S402

Preparing for the prerequisites

Course prerequisites

- This is an <u>ADVANCED</u> finance course → CORE PREREQUISITE CONCEPTS NEED TO BE MASTERED!
- At the beginning of the course, you should:
 - Understand statistics and econometrics concepts and tools (including random variables, descriptive statistics, linear regression, see your introductory statistics and econometrics courses)
 - 2) Be highly proficient with **accounting and financial statements analysis** (see a.o. BDM 2013 chapter 1 "The Corporation" and chapter 2 "Introduction to Financial Statement Analysis")
 - 3) Be familiar with **basic financial theory and practice**, in particular:
 - a) Free Cash Flows (FCF-related part of BDM 2013 <u>chapter 8</u> "Fundamentals of Capital Budgeting")
 - b) Time value of money (BDM 2013 <u>chapter 4</u> "The Time Value of Money" and <u>chapter 5</u> "Interest Rates")
 - c) Bond valuation (valuation-related part of BDM 2013 chapter 6 "Valuing Bonds")
 - d) Investment decision (BDM 2013 <u>chapter 7</u> "Investment Decision Rules" and remainder of <u>chapter 8</u> "Fundamentals of Capital Budgeting")
 - → To help you, detailed references and learning objectives to be mastered before the course are set out in the next slides (for prerequisites (2) and (3) above)
- A written test on pre-requisites, counting for your final course grade, will take place in the first part of the course
- We will help you preparing through dedicated review sessions (pace will be RAPID!)

(1/5) Accounting and Financial Statements Analysis

- BDM, 2013 reference:
 - ➤ Chapter 1: "The corporation"
 - Chapter 2: "Introduction to Financial Statement Analysis"
- 1. Understanding what accounting and finance are about
- 2. Reading, understanding and interpreting the major financial statements
 - a. Income statement
 - b. Balance sheet
 - c. Cash flow statement
- Building on accounting basics to perform financial analysis (e.g., ratios)
 - a. Performance
 - b. Liquidity
 - c. Solvency

(2/5) From Accounting to Finance: Cash Flows

- BDM, 2013 reference:
 - Chapter 8: "Fundamentals of Capital Budgeting" (FCF related part)
- Understanding the fundamental difference between accounting and finance
- 2. Understanding the link various types of Cash Flows
 - a. Cash Flows from Operating activities
 - b. Cash Flows from Investing activities
 - c. Cash Flows from Financing activities
- Measuring Free Cash Flows
- 4. Understanding the importance of (Free) Cash Flows

(3/5) Time value of money, Present Value (PV) and Net Present Value (NPV)

- BDM, 2013 reference:
 - Chapter 4: "The Time Value of Money"
 - Chapter 5: "Interest Rates"
- Understand the Present Value (PV) and the Net Present Value (NPV) calculation
 - a. Market interest rate and discount factors
 - b. General formula and useful formulas
 - c. Interest rates and compounding intervals
 - d. Real and nominal interest rate
- 2. Introduce the term structure of interest rates

(4/5) Bonds

- BDM, 2013 reference:
 - ➤ Chapter 6: "Valuing Bonds"
- 1. Introduce the main categories of bonds
- 2. Understand bond valuation
- 3. Analyze the link between interest rates and bond prices
- 4. Examine why interest rates might vary according to maturity

(5/5) Investment Project Analysis / Capital Budgeting Decisions

- BDM, 2013 reference:
 - Chapter 7: "Investment Decision Rules"
 - Chapter 8: "Fundamentals of Capital Budgeting"
- Understanding commonly-used investment decision rules (definition and decision criteria / "hurdles")
 - a. Net Present Value (NPV)
 - b. Internal Rate of Return (IRR)
 - c. (Modified) Payback Period (PP)
 - d. Profitability Index (PI)
 - e. Equivalent Annual Cash Flow (EA)
 - f. (Accounting Rate of Return)
- 2. Understanding the context of investment decision making
 - a. Get the ability to choose amongst different project proposals
 - b. Be aware of the uses and pitfalls of commonly-used investment decision rules and criteria (interpretation, applications, limitations)
 - c. Make project selection with financial resource constraints
 - d. Understand what should be the minimum return on your project







Wishing you a good preparation/'refreshing' time!

Prof. Laurent Gheeraert

<u>Laurent.Gheeraert@ulb.be</u>